

XII Summer Workshop in Mathematics

Interactively Proving Mathematical Theorems

Section 3: Induction

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Talk's Plan

- 1 Section 3
 - Induction
 - Exercises - induction

Closure in a group

```
G: VAR set [T]
```

```
closed?(G): bool = FORALL (x,y:(G)): member(x*y,G)
```

```
group?(G): bool = closed?(G) AND  
    associative?[(G)](*) AND  
    member(e,G) AND identity?[(G)](*) (e) AND  
    inv_exists?(G)
```

Conjecture `power_closed` in `pred_algebra.pvs`

For all group G , $y \in G$ and $n \in \mathbb{N}$ one can prove that $y^n = \underbrace{y * \dots * y}_{n\text{-times}} \in G$.

A recursive function in PVS

$$\wedge(y, n) = \prod_{i=1}^n y$$

In PVS:

```
^ (y : T, n : nat) : RECURSIVE T =  
    IF n = 0 THEN e  
    ELSE y * ^ (y, n-1) ENDIF  
    MEASURE n
```

Type Correctness Conditions (TCCs)

The specification provides two conditions to be verified:

- **A TCC about the type of the argument in the recursive call**

```
% Subtype TCC generated (at line 52, column 22) for n - 1
  % expected type nat
  caret_TCC1: OBLIGATION FORALL (n: nat): NOT n = 0 IMPLIES n - 1 >= 0;
```

- **A TCC that guarantes the termination of the recursive call**

```
% Termination TCC generated (at line 52, column 17) for ^(y, n - 1)
  caret_TCC2: OBLIGATION FORALL (n: nat): NOT n = 0 IMPLIES n - 1 < n;
```

Induction scheme: weak induction on naturals

power_closed:

|---

[1] $\text{FORALL}(G : (\text{group?}), y : (G), n : \text{nat}) : \text{member}(\wedge(y, n), G)$

Rule? (**induct**"n")

- Base case: power_closed.1

|---

[1] $\text{FORALL}(G : (\text{group?}), y : (G)) : \text{member}(\wedge(y, 0), G)$

- Inductive Step: power_closed.2

|---

[1] $\text{FORALL}j :$

$(\text{FORALL}(G : (\text{group?}), y : (G)) : \text{member}((y \wedge j), G)) \text{ IMPLIES}$

$(\text{FORALL}(G : (\text{group?}), y : (G)) : \text{member}((y \wedge (j + 1)), G))$

Strong induction on naturals

Fibonacci Sequence

```
fibonacci(n:nat): RECURSIVE nat =  
    IF n <= 1 THEN n ELSE  
    fibonacci(n-1) + fibonacci(n-2)  
    ENDIF  
    MEASURE n
```

Conjecture `fibonacci_exp_lim` in `fibonacci.pvs`

$\text{fibonacci}(n) \leq 1.7^n$, for all $n \in \mathbb{N}$.

Induction scheme: strong induction on naturals

fibonacci_exp_lim:

|---

[1] $\text{FORALL}(n : \text{nat}) : \text{fibonacci}(n) \leq \text{expt}(1.7, n)$

Rule? (measure - induct + "n" "n")

↓

[-1] $\text{FORALL}(y : \text{nat}) : y < x!1 \text{ IMPLIES } \text{fibonacci}(y) \leq \text{expt}(1.7, y)$

|---

[1] $\text{fibonacci}(x!1) \leq \text{expt}(1.7, x!1)$

Induction scheme: strong induction on naturals

Base cases:

fibonacci_exp_lim:

`[-1] FORALL(y : nat) : y < x!1 IMPLIES fibonacci(y) <= expt(1.7, y)`

`|---`

`[1] fibonacci(x!1) <= expt(1.7, x!1)`

Rule? (case – replace “x!1 = 0”)

fibonacci_exp_lim.1:

`[-1] x!1 = 0`

`[-2] FORALL(y : nat) : y < x!1 IMPLIES fibonacci(y) <= expt(1.7, y)`

`|---`

`[1] fibonacci(0) <= expt(1.7, 0)`

Rule? (grind)

This completes the proof of fibonacci_exp_lim.1.

Induction scheme: strong induction on naturals

Base cases:

`fibonacci_exp_lim.2:`

`[-1] FORALL(y : nat) : y < x!1 IMPLIES fibonacci(y) <= expt(1.7, y)`

`|---`

`[1] x!1 = 0`

`[2] fibonacci(x!1) <= expt(1.7, x!1)`

Rule? (**case – replace** “`x!1 = 1`”)

`fibonacci_exp_lim.2.1:`

`[-1] x!1 = 1`

`[-2] FORALL(y : nat) : y < x!1 IMPLIES fibonacci(y) <= expt(1.7, y)`

`|---`

`[1] 1 = 0`

`[2] fibonacci(1) <= expt(1.7, 1)`

Rule? (**grind**)

This completes the proof of `fibonacci_exp_lim.2.1`

Induction scheme: strong induction on naturals

Inductive Step:

fibonacci_exp_lim.2.2:

`[-1] FORALL(y : nat) : y < x!1 IMPLIES fibonacci(y) <= expt(1.7, y)`

`|---`

`[1] x!1 = 1`

`[2] x!1 = 0`

`[3] fibonacci(x!1) <= expt(1.7, x!1)`

Rule? (**expand** “**fibonacci**” 3) (**assert**)

`[-1] FORALL(y : nat) : y < x!1 IMPLIES fibonacci(y) <= expt(1.7, y)`

`|---`

`[1] x!1 = 1`

`[2] x!1 = 0`

`[3] fibonacci(x!1 - 1) + fibonacci(x!1 - 2) <= expt(17/10, x!1)`

Rule? (**inst - cp - 1** “**x!1 - 1**”)

Induction scheme: strong induction on naturals

Inductive Step:

[−1] $\text{FORALL}(y : \text{nat}) : y < x!1 \text{ IMPLIES fibonacci}(y) \leq \text{expt}(1.7, y)$
 [−2] $x!1 - 1 < x!1 \text{ IMPLIES fibonacci}(x!1 - 1) \leq \text{expt}(17/10, x!1 - 1)$

|---

[1] $x!1 = 1$

[2] $x!1 = 0$

[3] $\text{fibonacci}(x!1 - 1) + \text{fibonacci}(x!1 - 2) \leq \text{expt}(17/10, x!1)$

Rule? (**inst** - 1 "x!1 - 2")

[−1] $x!1 - 2 < x!1 \text{ IMPLIES fibonacci}(x!1 - 2) \leq \text{expt}(17/10, x!1 - 2)$

[−2] $x!1 - 1 < x!1 \text{ IMPLIES fibonacci}(x!1 - 1) \leq \text{expt}(17/10, x!1 - 1)$

|---

[1] $x!1 = 1$

[2] $x!1 = 0$

[3] $\text{fibonacci}(x!1 - 1) + \text{fibonacci}(x!1 - 2) \leq \text{expt}(17/10, x!1)$

Rule? (**assert**)

Induction scheme: strong induction on naturals

Inductive Step:

$$[-1] \text{ fibonacci}(x!1 - 2) \leq \text{expt}(17/10, x!1 - 2)$$

$$[-2] \text{ fibonacci}(x!1 - 1) \leq \text{expt}(17/10, x!1 - 1)$$

| ---

$$[1] x!1 = 1$$

$$[2] x!1 = 0$$

$$[3] \text{ fibonacci}(x!1 - 1) + \text{ fibonacci}(x!1 - 2) \leq \text{expt}(17/10, x!1)$$

Exercises - induction

See the files `pred_algebra.pvs` and `symmetric.pvs` in Exercises directory